IN THE HIGH COURT OF KERALA AT ERNAKULAM

PRESENT :

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE V.RAMKUMAR

MONDAY, THE 15TH OCTOBER 2007 / 23RD ASWINA 1929

Crl.Rev.Pet.No. 3689 of 2007()

CRA.462/2004 of ADDL.SESSIONS COURT (ADHOC)-II, KOTTAYAM
CC.22/2003 of JUDL. MAGISTRATE OF FIRST CLASS-II(MOBILE), KOTTAYAM

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REVN. PETITIONER: REVISION PETITIONER/APPELLANT/ACCUSED

SUKUMARIKUTTY AMMA, AGED 67 YEARS,
W/O.LATE RAMACHANDRAN NAIR, LAKSHMI NIVAS,
MUNDIAPILLY P.O., PATHANAMTHITTA.

BY ADV. SRI.S.K.AJAY KUMAR

RESPONDENTS: RESPONDENTS/COMPLAINANT

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1. STATE OF KERALA,
REP.BY THE PUBLIC PROSECUTOR.

2. KRISHNAN KUTTY NAIR, R.K.NIVAS,
KUNNAMTHANAM P.O., PATHANAMTHITTA.

BY PUBLIC PROSECUTOR SRI.K.S. SIVAKUMAR
SRI.M.P.MADHAVANKUTTY

THIS CRIMINAL REVISION PETITION HAVING BEEN FINALLY HEARD ON 15/10/2007, THE COURT ON THE SAME DAY PASSED THE FOLLOWING:

V.RAMKUMAR, J.

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Crl.R.P. No. 3689 of 2007

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Dated: 15-10-2007

O R D E R

In this Revision filed under Section 397 read with Sec. 401 Cr.P.C. the petitioner who was the accused in C.C. No..22 of 2003 on the file of the J.F.C.M-II, (Mobile), Kottayam challenges the conviction entered and the sentence passed against him for an offence punishable under Sec. 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act').

2. I heard the learned counsel for the Revision Petitioner and the learned Public Prosecutor.

3. The learned counsel appearing for the Revision Petitioner re-iterated the contentions in support of the Revision. The courts below have concurrently held that the cheque in question was drawn by the petitioner in favour of the complainant on the drawee bank, that the cheque was validly presented to the bank, that it was dishonoured for reasons which fall under Section 138 of the Act, that the complainant made a demand for payment by a notice in time in accordance with clause (b) of the proviso to Section 138 of the Act and that the Revision Petitioner/accused failed to make the payment within 15 days of receipt of the statutory notice. Both the courts have considered and rejected the defence set up by the revision petitioner while entering the above finding. The said finding has been recorded on an appreciation of the oral and documentary evidence. I do not find any error, illegality or impropriety in the finding so recorded concurrently by the courts below. The conviction was thus rightly entered against the petitioner.

4. What now survives for consideration is the question as to whether a proper sentence has been imposed on the Revision Petitioner. Having regard to the facts and circumstances of the case, I am, however, inclined to modify the sentence imposed on the revision petitioner. Accordingly, if the revision petitioner pays to the first respondent complainant by way of compensation under Sec. 357 (3) Cr.P.C. a sum of **Rs. 55,000/- (Rupees fifty five thousand only)** (giving credit to the sum of Rs. 89,000/- already paid to the 2nd respondent/complainant and receipt of which is acknowledged by his counsel) within **five months** from today, then he need to undergo only imprisonment till the rising of the court. If the revision petitioner commits default in making the payment as aforesaid, he shall undergo simple imprisonment for three months by way of default sentence.

This Revision is disposed of confirming the conviction but modifying the sentence as above.

V. RAMKUMAR, JUDGE.

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